

FAECAL EGG COUNT SUBMISSION FORM

Date sampled: ___/___/___ Order No. _____

Property: _____

Processing date: ___/___/___ Processed by: _____

Client: _____

Email: _____

Vet: _____

Consultancy Client: Y / N

Phone: _____

Method: *Phone / email / in person*

Note: To assist our interpretations of the results, please complete as many "mob details" as possible.

Mob No.	Mob ID	Sex	Age	Pregnant? Y/N) Lambing date?	% scour	Paddock type at present (ie. length of pasture, irrigated, etc)	Moving to new paddock? (Y/N)	Date last drenched	Drench type	WORM RESULTS				RECOMMEN- DATIONS		
										*Strongylids	Nematodirus	Comments/notes	Total EPG	*AFEC EPG	Drench Yes / No	FEC (WKS)
1																
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
9																
10																

Complementary Report:.....

Please note: It is up to you if you choose to follow the advice given for these reports. Best results from reports require as much information as possible being provided, good samples being given to us, and the recommendations being followed in their entirety. Seasonal changes also occur, and if poor results to drenching or clinical signs of worms are present before recommended retest date, please retest sooner or phone the clinic for veterinary advice.

*Strongylids: eggs from Trichostrongylus (black scour worm), Ostertagia (brown stomach worm), Haemonchus (Barbers Pole worm, Chabertia (large mouthed bowel worm), Oesophagostomum (nodule worm). Further testing and culture is needed for reliable differentiation of these species. Nematodirus (thin necked intestinal worm). Monezia (tape worm).
 *AFEC-Adjusted Faecal Egg Count Eggs per Gram. Moisture content of the faeces may influence the number of eggs per gram. This number is taken into account when developing individual drench recommendations.